

WALT: Can I measure objects in their correct units?





<b>Object</b>	<b>Estimate</b>	<b>Measurement</b>
scissors		
glue stick		
desk		
whiteboard		
book		
paper		
pencil		

# Meg's Mission

- 11 With a hiss, the doors of the egg-shaped pod slid open  
22 and Meg stepped out. "What is it? Has there been a  
32 prob...?" she started before noticing that no one else was  
43 in the room. In shock, she moved over to the cockpit.  
52 The view was breathtaking. A vast blanket of sparkling  
63 stars stretched in outer space as far as the eye could  
73 see. Turning to look out of the opposite side, Meg  
83 couldn't believe her eyes. Emerging from the base of the  
92 window was an immense planet that was unlike any  
96 Meg had seen before.  
104 Remembering the device dangling around her neck, Meg  
114 pulled it forward and trembled as she checked the data.



## Quick Questions

-  1. Find and copy one word that means the same as **amazing**.  
\_\_\_\_\_
-  2. How was Meg feeling when she checked the device around her neck?  
\_\_\_\_\_
-  3. Number the events from 1-4 to show the order that they happened in.  
 Meg spotted the vast planet.  
 Meg checked the date on the device.  
 Meg stepped out of the pod.  
 Meg moved over to the cockpit.
-  4. What do you think Meg will do next?  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_





## Apostrophes Revision

WALT: Can I revise apostrophes?

So far, in Year 3, we have learnt about 2 different kinds of apostrophes. Do you remember what they are called and what they are used for?



### 1. Apostrophe's of Contraction!

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*You can use apostrophes to show that you have **omitted** (left out) some letters when you are joining words together.*

*For example, you can join the words 'you' and 'are' together. You + are = you're. The apostrophe takes the place of the removed letters. In this example, the letter a.*

*Sometimes, however, you need to **rearrange** the letters a bit when you contract the words. For example:  
will + not = won't.*

*Using contractions like these makes your writing easier to read and more friendly.*

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Watch this video to see more examples of the letters being removed:

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Have a go at joining the following words together using an apostrophe:

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<b>do</b>		<b>not</b>		<b>did</b>		<b>not</b>
<b>it</b>		<b>will</b>		<b>she</b>		<b>will</b>
<b>he</b>		<b>will</b>		<b>will</b>		<b>not</b>
<b>can</b>		<b>not</b>		<b>has</b>		<b>not</b>

## 2. Apostrophes of Possession

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You can use an apostrophe to show that one thing **belongs** to or is **connected** to something. This is called a **possessive apostrophe**.

Let's take a look at an example:

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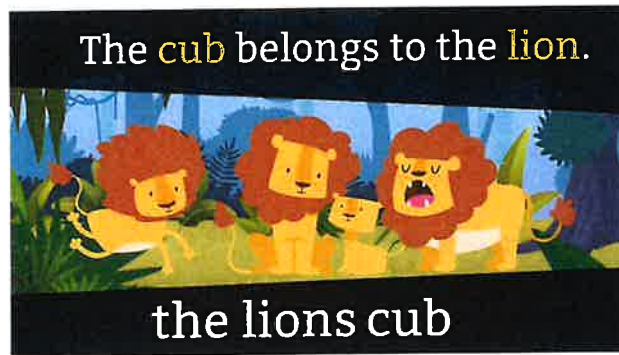
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*The cat's tail was fluffy.*

*Cat is a singular noun so you need to add an apostrophe and "s" to show that the tail belongs to the cat.*

*Watch this video to find out more:*







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*Have a go at adding the apostrophe below:*

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 school bag	belonging to	 Benji	=	Benji's school bag
 school	belonging to	 the children	=	
 diary	belonging to	 Freya	=	

Task: Complete the worksheet on Apostrophes on Microsoft Teams and submit this in to your teacher!

## Apostrophe of Possession and Apostrophe of Contraction

Read the sentences below. What kind of apostrophe is it? Possession or Contraction?

1. Jim's car was blue.
2. We can't go to the shop today.
3. Miss Okhai's classroom is enormous.
4. The elephant's trunk is a silver grey colour.
5. Robert's shoes are dirty.
6. He doesn't like to eat biscuits.
7. The dancer's costume was very colourful and bright.
8. I'm sure she'll get there on time.
9. Oscar was jumping around the room until he mum shouted "DON'T!"
10. At the party, the birthday girl's presents were placed on the table.

Add the apostrophe in the sentences below:

It has not even been an hour yet.

The butterfly's wings flapped as it flew from flower to flower.

The dog's tail wagged excitedly as he walked.

I am surprised she is going to let you hide under the new bed.

The witch's new broomstick was made from solid oak.

I've

school

has

around

think

yes

stop

mouse

every

home

1)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 12$

2)  $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 40$

3)  $4 \times 5 = \underline{\quad}$

4)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 44$

5)  $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 28$

6)  $9 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

7)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 16$

8)  $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 8$

9)  $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 0$

10)  $4 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

11)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 32$

12)  $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 20$

13)  $4 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

14)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 24$

15)  $4 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

16)  $1 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

17)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 48$

18)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 28$

19)  $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 44$

20)  $0 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

21)  $7 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

22)  $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 4$

23)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 20$

24)  $8 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

25)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 0$

26)  $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 24$

27)  $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 32$

28)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 28$

29)  $3 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

30)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 48$

31)  $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 16$

32)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 36$

33)  $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 12$

34)  $6 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

35)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 8$

36)  $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 40$

37)  $4 \times 11 = \underline{\quad}$

38)  $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 4$

39)  $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 44$

40)  $4 \times 12 = \underline{\quad}$