

# Varied Fluency

## Step 6: Divide 2 Digits by 1 Digit 2

### National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 3: (3C6) [Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables](#)

Mathematics Year 3: (3C7) [Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods](#)

### Differentiation:

**Developing** Questions to support dividing a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number where some questions have one exchange. Includes 2, 3, 4, 5 and 8 times tables. Supported with pictorial representations and scaffolding for all questions. No remainders are used.

**Expected** Questions to support dividing any 2-digit number by a 1-digit number with one exchange. Includes 2, 3, 4, 5 and 8 times tables. Supported with pictorial representations and some incomplete calculations. No remainders are used.

**Greater Depth** Questions to support dividing any 2-digit number by a 1-digit number with one exchange. Includes 2, 3, 4, 5 and 8 times tables. Some missing numbers within calculations alongside partial pictorial representation. No remainders are used.

More [Year 3 Multiplication and Division](#) resources.

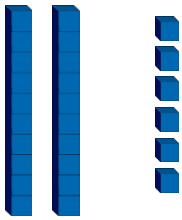
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# Divide 2 Digits by 1 Digit 2

# Divide 2 Digits by 1 Digit 2

1a. True or false?

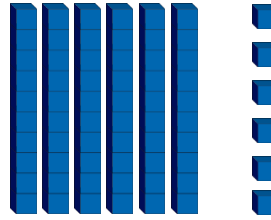
$$26 \div 2 = 14$$



VF

1b. True or false?

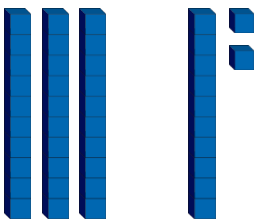
$$66 \div 6 = 13$$



VF

2a. Share the partitioned Base 10 equally to help you solve the calculation below.

$$42 \div 3 = \square$$



VF

2b. Share the partitioned Base 10 equally to help you solve the calculation below.

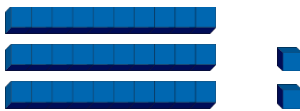
$$34 \div 2 = \square$$



VF

3a. Using Base 10, partition and solve the calculation below.

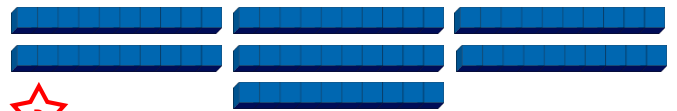
$$32 \div 2 = \square$$



VF

3b. Using Base 10, partition and solve the calculation below.

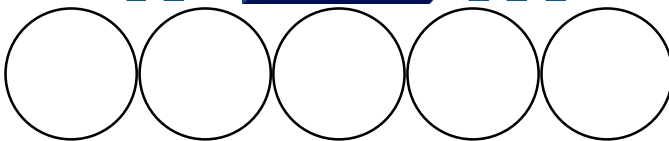
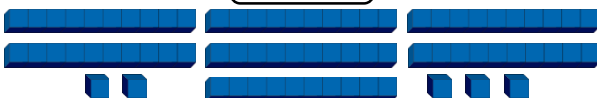
$$70 \div 5 = \square$$



VF

4a. Find the correct answer for the calculation.

$$75 \div 5$$



18

14

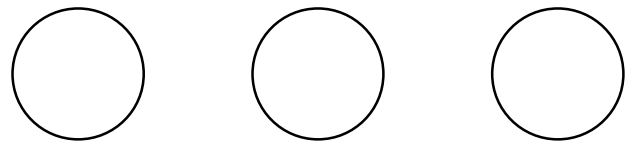
15



VF

4b. Find the correct answer for the calculation.

$$48 \div 3$$



14

15

16

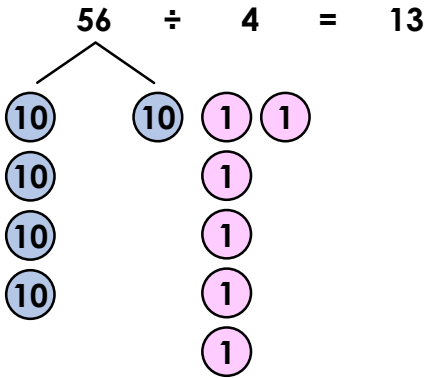


VF

# Divide 2 Digits by 1 Digit 2

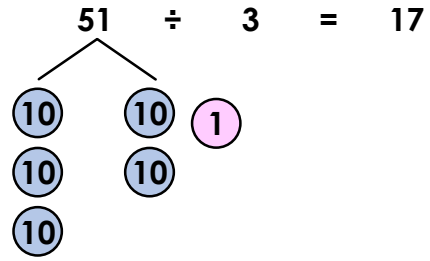
# Divide 2 Digits by 1 Digit 2

5a. True or false?



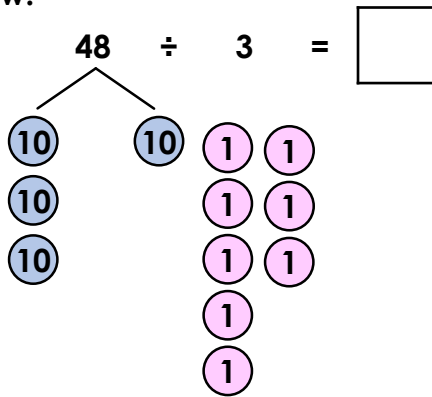
VF

5b. True or false?



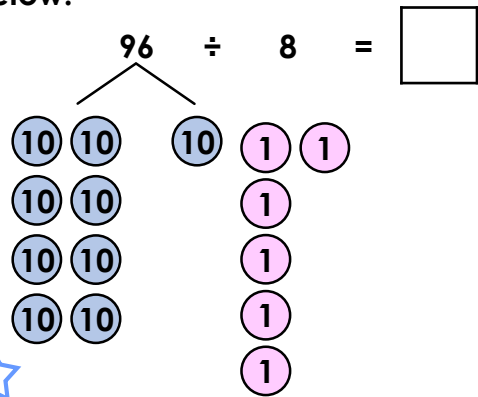
VF

6a. Share the partitioned counters equally to help you solve the calculation below.



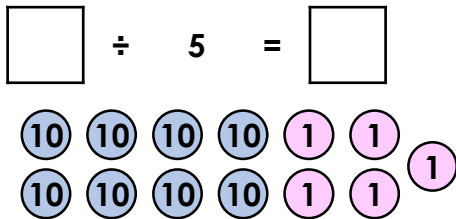
VF

6b. Share the partitioned counters equally to help you solve the calculation below.



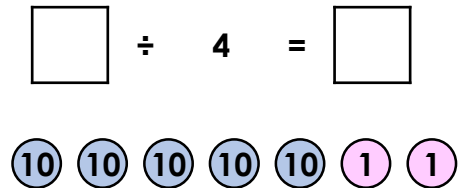
VF

7a. Using place value counters, partition and solve the calculation below.



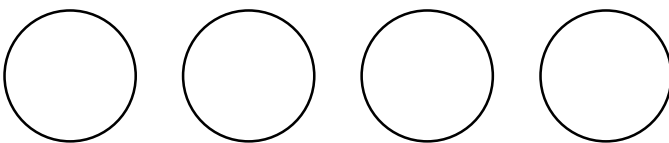
VF

7b. Using place value counters, partition and solve the calculation below.



VF

8a. Write the calculation represented below and find the correct answer.



16

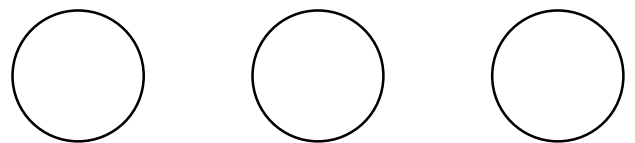
11

15



VF

8b. Write the calculation represented below and find the correct answer.



14

12

13

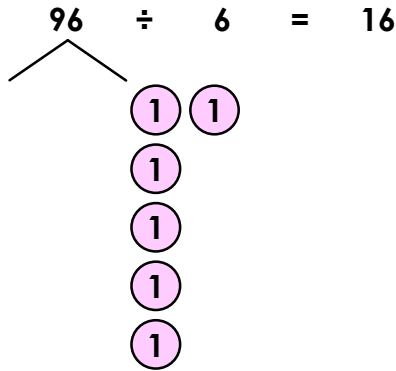


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## Divide 2 Digits by 1 Digit 2

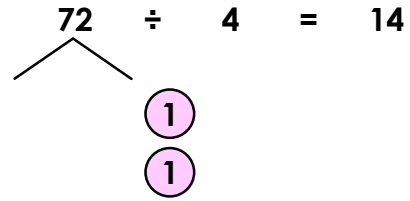
## Divide 2 Digits by 1 Digit 2

9a. True or false? Using partitioning, complete the pictorial representation to support your answer.



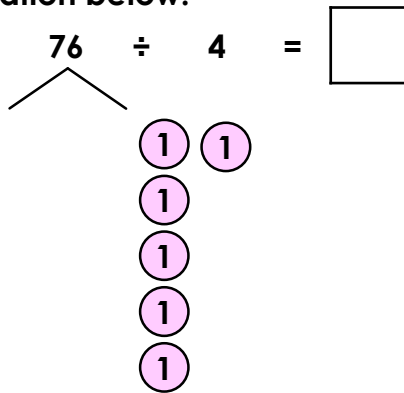
VF

9b. True or false? Using partitioning, complete the pictorial representation to support your answer.



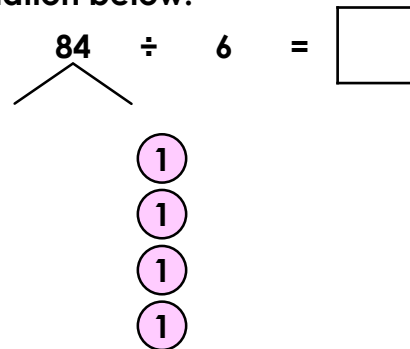
VF

10a. Draw tens, partition and share all the counters equally to help you solve the calculation below.



VF

10b. Draw tens, partition and share the counters equally to help you solve the calculation below.



VF

11a. Solve the calculation below. Draw place value counters to support your answer.

$$75 \div 5 \div 3 = \square$$



VF

11b. Solve the calculation below. Draw place value counters to support your answer.

$$96 \div 6 \div 4 = \square$$



VF

12a. Match the number sentences to the correct answer cards.

$$84 \div 4 \div 3$$

5

$$90 \div 6 \div 3$$

4

$$96 \div 6 \div 4$$

7



VF

12b. Match the number sentences to the correct answer cards.

$$72 \div 6 \div 3$$

2

$$96 \div 8 \div 4$$

4

$$80 \div 8 \div 5$$

3



VF

**Varied Fluency**  
**Divide 2 Digits by 1 Digit 2**

**Developing**

1a. False,  $26 \div 2 = 13$

2a.  $42 \div 3 = 14$

3a.  $32 \div 2 = 16$

( $20 \div 2 = 10$ ,  $12 \div 2 = 6$ ,  $10 + 6 = 16$ )

4a.  $75 \div 5 = 15$

**Expected**

5a. False,  $56 \div 4 = 14$

6a.  $48 \div 3 = 16$

7a.  $85 \div 5 = 17$

( $50 \div 5 = 10$ ,  $35 \div 5 = 7$ ,  $10 + 7 = 17$ )

8a.  $64 \div 4 = 16$

**Greater Depth**

9a. True; 6 tens should be drawn on the left and 3 tens should be drawn with the ones.

10a.  $76 \div 4 = 19$

( $40 \div 4 = 10$ ,  $36 \div 4 = 9$ ,  $10 + 9 = 19$ )

11a.  $75 \div 5 \div 3 = 5$ ; accept any representation that accurately shows the calculation.

12a.  $84 \div 4 \div 3 = 7$ ;  $90 \div 6 \div 3 = 5$ ;

$96 \div 6 \div 4 = 4$

**Varied Fluency**  
**Divide 2 Digits by 1 Digit 2**

**Developing**

1b. False,  $66 \div 6 = 11$ .

2b.  $34 \div 2 = 17$

3b.  $70 \div 5 = 14$

( $50 \div 5 = 10$ ,  $20 \div 5 = 4$ ,  $10 + 4 = 14$ )

4b.  $48 \div 3 = 16$

**Expected**

5b. True

6b.  $96 \div 8 = 12$

7b.  $52 \div 4 = 13$

( $40 \div 4 = 10$ ,  $12 \div 4 = 3$ ,  $10 + 3 = 13$ )

8b.  $42 \div 3 = 14$

**Greater Depth**

9b. False,  $72 \div 4 = 18$ ; 4 tens should be drawn on the left and 3 tens should be drawn with the ones.

10b.  $84 \div 6 = 14$

( $60 \div 6 = 10$ ,  $24 \div 6 = 4$ ,  $10 + 4 = 14$ )

11b.  $96 \div 6 \div 4 = 4$ ; accept any representation that accurately shows the calculation.

12b.  $72 \div 6 \div 3 = 4$ ;  $96 \div 8 \div 4 = 3$ ;  
 $80 \div 8 \div 5 = 2$